## **Hyperglycemia Emergency Care Plan (For High Blood Glucose)**

Student's Name:		
Grade/Teacher:		
<b>Emergency contact information</b>		
Parent 1/Guardian:		
Email Address:	Home Phone:	
Work Phone:	Mobile:	
Parent 2/Guardian:		
Email Address:	Home Phone:	
Work Phone:	Mobile:	
Health Care Provider:		
Phone Number:		
Contact Number(s):		
Contact Number(s):		

Causes of Hyperglycemia	Onset of Hyperglycemia
<ul> <li>Too little insulin or other blood glucose-lowering medications</li> <li>Insulin pump or infusion set malfunction</li> <li>Food intake that has not been covered adequately</li> </ul>	Over several hours or days
by insulin  Decreased physical activity  Illness	
• Infection	
<ul><li>Injury</li><li>Severe physical or emotional stress</li></ul>	

## **Hyperglycemia Emergency Symptoms** Diabetic ketoacidosis (DKA), which is associated with **Hyperglycemia Symptoms** hyperglycemia, ketosis, and dehydration Circle student's usual signs and symptoms. • Increased thirst and/or dry mouth • Dry mouth, extreme thirst, and dehydration • Frequent or increased urination Nausea and vomiting • Change in appetite and nausea Severe abdominal pain Blurry vision • Fruity breath • Heavy breathing or shortness of breath Fatigue • Other: \_\_\_\_\_ • Chest pain • Increasing sleepiness or lethargy • Depressed level of consciousness

Notify school nurse or trained diabetes personnel as soon as you observe symptoms.			
Treatment for Hyperglycemia Emergency			
Il parents/guardians, student's health care provider, d 911 (Emergency Medical Services) right away. ay with student until Emergency Medical Services arrive.			
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